TABLE 3.—Daily totals and departures of solar and sky radiation during November, 1919.

[Gram-calories per square centimeter of horizontal surface.]

•									
	Daily totals.			Depa	artures normal	from	Excess or deficiency since first of month.		
Day of month.	Wash- ington.	Madi-	Lin- coln.	Wash- ington.	Madi- son.	Lin- coln.	Wash- ington.	Madi- son.	Lin- coln.
Nov. 1	146 251 342 203 173 286 287	cal. 295 211 153 214 208 36 100 44 35	cal. 334 222 261 288 276 97 50 36 51	cal. -175 34 -14 -101 6 100 -36 -63 53 57	cal. 104 22 -34 29 25 -145 -78 -132 -138	cal. 91 -19 22 51 41 -136 -182 -194 -178	cal. -175 -141 -155 -256 -250 -150 -186 -249 -196 -139	cal. 104 126 92 121 146 1 -77 -209 -347 -354	cal. 91 72 94 145 186 50 -132 -326 -504 -607
11	102 253 283 257 244 256	262 259 261 253 190 151 171 228 189 197	260 362 335 296 289 248 268 248 253 181	-205 -122 -33 -66 -43 -33 -48 -32 -63	94 93 98 91 31 -5 17 76 39	34 138 112 75 69 30 51 33 69 —31	-344 -466 -433 -367 -324 -291 -243 -179 -211 -148	-260 -167 -69 22 53 48 65 141 180 229	-573 -435 -323 -248 -179 -149 -98 -65 4 -27

TABLE 3.—Daily totals and departures of solar and sky radiation during November, 1919—Continued.

	Daily totals.			Depa	artures normal	from	Excess of deficiency since first of month.		
Day of months	Wash- ington,	Madi- son.	Lin- coln.	Wash- ington.		Lin- com.	Wash- ington.	Madi- son.	Lin- celn.
	cal.	cai.	cal.	cal.	cal.	cai.	cal.	cal.	cal.
Decade departure	<b>—9</b>	583	580						
Nov. 21	63 248 213 147 62 225 168 40 265	31 217 185 145 26 132 155 40 32 227	275 245 242 235 58 39 118 105 231 255	27 -131 56 24 -39 -122 44 -11 -137 90	-115 73 43 5 -112 -5 19 -95 -102 94	64 36 34 29 -147 -164 -83 -93 35 61	-121 -252 -196 -172 -211 -333 -289 -300 -437 -347	114 187 230 235 123 118 137 42 -60 34	37 73 107 136 11 175 258 351 316 255
Decade departure	199	-195	-228						
Excess or deficient Grcal	cy sinc	e first o	l year:	•			-7189 -6.0	4602 4.0	-4548 -3.4

## MEASUREMENTS OF THE SOLAR CONSTANT OF RADIATION AT CALAMA, CHILE.

By C. G. Abbot, Director.

[Dated: Astrophysical Observatory, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, Dec. 22, 1919.]

In continuation of preceding publications I give in the following table the results obtained at Calama, Chile, in October, 1919, for the solar constant of radiation. The reader is referred to this Review for February, August, and September, 1919, for statements of the

arrangement and meaning of the table.

The observers report that the cloudiness for the month of October exceeded that for any month since the beginning of their observations in July, 1918. If they were still dependent upon the old fundamental method of observing they would have secured not over 12 days' results during the month. They have worked up additional data as a basis for applications of the new method at times when the sun is very near the zenith and hereafter many of the results will be based on observations at air masses not exceeding 1.5.

Aside from the unusually broken series of observations during the month, the most outstanding feature is the unusually low value for October 7, which is strongly supported by three independent determinations—one by the old method and two by the new. As was stated in the last report, the average value of the solar constant for the month of September was about 1 per cent below that for the month of August and apparently the depression of solar radiation reached its minimum on October 7. Solar radiation then suddenly rebounded to a value above the average for the year and continued high and even reached values unusually high during the last decade of the month.

			Trans-	H	umidit	у.		
Date.	Solar Const.	Method.	Grade.	sion	ρ/ρ8C	V. <b>P</b> .	Rel. Hum.	Remarks.
1919. October A. M. 2	cal. 1.944 1.887 1.885 1.912 1.891	E <sub>0</sub> E <sub>0</sub> M <sub>2</sub> M <sub>2</sub> W. M.	G+ VG-	0. 859 . 839	0.335	Cm. 0.37 .16	P. ct. 33 15	Cirri in east and west. Bank of cumuli in east. Some cirro-cumuli in west.

	Date. Solar Const. Method.			CIBILL	н	umidit	у.	
Date.			Grade.		ρ/ρSC	V. P.	Rel. Hum.	Remarks.
1919. October								
A. M.	cal. 1.954	M <sub>3</sub>	S	. 865	.462	Cm. .19	P.ct. 17	
9	1.967 1.963 1.942	M <sub>2</sub> W. M.	8	.862	.492	.18	17	
_	1.951 1.948	M₂ W. M.						
10	1.924 1.975 1.964	E <sub>0</sub> M <sub>3</sub> M <sub>2</sub>	VG	. S65	.438	.20	19	Distant cirri in northeast.
11	1.961 1.955	W.M.	ន	.847	. 442	.23	21	
12	1.950 1.952 1.923	W. M. M.	 	.824	.420	29	27	Cirri in west.
13	1.962 1.949 1.929	M <sub>2</sub> W. M. M <sub>3</sub>		.848	.502	. 24	27	
	1.954 1.946	W.M.	8-					
14	1.931	M <sub>3</sub> M W. M.	S	.874	. 609	.16	16	
15	1.940 1.979 1.958	E <sub>0</sub> M <sub>2</sub>	VG+	.857	. 626	.13	15	
17	1.954 1.959 1.934	M <sub>2</sub> W. M. M <sub>1.22</sub>	s-	.856	.700	.25	14	Cirri over most of sky.
19	1.936 1.960	M <sub>8</sub>	š-	860	526	.17	18	Carrotte and Carrotte
20	1.954	W.M. M <sub>3</sub> M <sub>2</sub>	8+	.858	. 506	.18	17	Low bank of cirri in east.
21	1.953	M: W. M. E <sub>0</sub> M:	VG+	.851	.476	.19	19	Distant cirri in south.
	1,958 1,965	M <sub>2</sub>					ļ	
А.М. 23	1,938	M <sub>3</sub> M <sub>1.02</sub>	s	.864	.588	. 19	9	Cirri scattered about sky.
24	1.946	W.M.	l G	.832	.508	. 19	19	Cirri in north and east.
25	1.958 1.962 1.964		s–	.855	.600	.23	19	Scattered cirri rapidly
26		1 -	s	.846	.471	. 22	26	moving east. Some thin cirri scattered about, especially in west.
28	1.971 1.971 1.957	W.M.	s_	. 860	689		18	Cirri around east, south
31	i		8-	.847		İ	10	and west, and very thin cirri over rest of sky.
	1. 808	M <sub>1.61</sub>	5-	.01	1.133	.15	10	Cirri scattered about sky, especially in east.